

Tax & Estate Planning

Checklist for Buy-Sell Agreements

Name	Name of Corporation:						
Corpo	Corporate Address:						
Date	Date of Incorporation or Amalgamation:						
Name	Name and Address of Accountant:						
Name	Name and Address of Lawyer:						
Locat	ion of Minute Book and A	ticles of Incorporation or A	.malgamatic	on:			
Business Details:							
	Nature of Business:						
	Business ownership: Arm's Length						
	Non-arm's length (or family run)						
	Business operation:						
		☐Non-key person					
	Shareholders Inform	mation:					
	Number of Shareholders: Number of minority shareholders:						
	Particulars:						
	Are any of the shareholders Holding companies? ☐ yes ☐ no						
	Particulars of Holding companies						
	Are shares held in a Tru		□ yes	□ no			
	Is there a Trust Agreement? ☐ yes ☐ no						
	Particulars:						
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Do any shareholders provide for a rollover of shares to a spouse in a Will? uges upon no						
Particulars:						
Are shares bequeathed to family members (other than a spouse) in shareholder's Will? uges no						
Particulars:						
☐ Classes of Shares:						
Commons issued: Particulars of adjusted cost base (ACB): Particulars of paid up capital (PUC):						
Preferred issued:	Particulars of adjusted cost base (ACB) Particulars of paid up capital (PUC):					
Special issued:						
Details:						
Shares issued prior to April 26, 1995:	yes number _		type no.			
Funded by life insurance prior to April	26, 1995 ☐ yes ☐ no					
Particulars if shares reissued:						
☐ Capital Gains Exemption:						
Availability of capital gains exemption?		☐ yes	□ no			
Has capital gains exemption been clain	ned?	☐ yes	□ no			
Do shares qualify?		☐ yes	□ no			
Has the shareholder used any part of the	he exemption on any other property?	☐ yes	☐ no			
☐ Estate Freeze Utilized:						
Has there been an estate freeze from o	common shares to preference shares?	☐ yes	□ no			
If yes, is there a fixed value of the preference shares?			□ no			
Particulars:						
Are the preferences shares redeemable	۵۶	□ yes				
, as the preferences shares redeemastic		<u> </u>	_ 110			

☐ Shareholders Agreement:				
Does a Shareholders Agreement exist?	☐ yes ☐ no			
Are there Buy-Sell provisions in the agreement?	☐ yes ☐ no			
Are schedules attached regarding life insurance?	☐ yes ☐ no			
Was a Shareholder Agreement in existence on or before April 26, 1995?	☐ yes ☐ no			
When was the Shareholders Agreement last revised?				
☐ Definition of Triggering Event and Buy-Sell Procedure:				
 □ Death □ Disability (is it defined in Shareholders Agreement and consistent with disability insurance definition? □ Critical Illness (query as to whether this actually does trigger a buy-out) □ Bankruptcy □ Retirement/withdrawal □ Expulsion □ Amicable buy-out □ Dismissal of shareholder as employee □ Other 				
☐ Buy-Sell Procedure on Death:				
☐ Criss-Cross Method — the surviving shareholders purchase the shares from the estate of the deceased shareholder using the proceeds of the individually owned life insurance (best where there are two shareholders)				
☐ Criss-Cross Method with Trustee – share certificates and life insurance ownership over to trustee and insurance proceeds administered by trustee (best where there are more than two shareholders)				
☐ Corporate Share Redemption Method – the corporation redeems the shares from the estate of the deceased shareholder using the proceeds of corporate-owned life insurance				
☐ Shares are grandfathered under s. 112(3) of Income Tax Act☐ Shares are not grandfathered under s. 112(3) of Income Tax Act				
☐ Promissory Note Method – the surviving shareholder(s) purchase the shares from the estate of the deceased shareholder using a promissory note then the corporation pays a capital dividend to the surviving shareholder(s) using the proceeds of corporate owned life insurance				
☐ Hybrid Method – a combination of the Corporate Share Redemption Method Note Method	l and the Promissory			
☐ Shares are grandfathered under s. 112(3) of Income Tax Act☐ Shares are not grandfathered under s. 112(3) of Income Tax Act☐				

☐ Buy-Sell Provision Upon Death:
☐ Obligation to sell-mandatory provision to sell shares to surviving shareholders and price determined on fair market value
☐ Transfer to spouse
☐ Put and call options
☐ Personal representative determines amount of shares to be redeemed and/or sold to other surviving shareholders
☐ Consideration as to who should be entitled to GRIP (general rate income pool) balance at death
☐ Buy-Sell Provisions for Living Buy-Out:
☐ Right of first refusal - before a shareholder may sell to an outside third party he/she must first offer his/her shares to the remaining shareholders (offer will set purchase price)
☐ Right of first refusal piggy back- other shareholders will piggy back on the offer put out to all shareholders
☐ Shotgun - one shareholder offers to purchase other shareholder(s) shares; other shareholder (s) must sell or purchase offeror's shares on the same terms
☐ Compulsory obligation- a mandatory provision where parties are obligated to buy-sell after a specified event at a predetermined price
☐ Put and call options- optional provision where neither party is obligated to buy-sell but the price is determined in advance
☐ Auction Basis- the price is determined by auction and there may or may not be an obligation to buy-sell
□Other clauses
☐ Procedure for Valuation of Shares of Company:
☐ Fixed price
☐ Shareholders may annually determine value
☐ Determined by formula
☐ By business valuator or independent third party
☐ By book value
☐ By shotgun clause
☐ By right of first refusal

Ownership of Insurance:				
Shareholder-owned- each shareholder owns, pays the premium and is the beneficiary of an insurance olicy on the lives of each of the other shareholder(s) – best where there are two shareholders				
Trustee-owned- share certificates and life insurance policies held by the trustees and in the event of leath, critical illness or disability, the insurance proceeds are received and administered by the trustee in ccordance with the agreement – best where there are more than two shareholders				
☐ Corporate-owned- corporation pays the premium and is the beneficiary of an insurance policy on the lives of each of the shareholder(s)				
☐ Split-dollar- the costs and benefits of the insurance are split between the corporation and each shareholder				
☐ Holding company- owns insurance, pays the premiums and is the beneficiary of the policy				
☐ other arrangements				
☐ Insurance Provisions:				
☐ Obligation to purchase life and/or disability insurance and/or critical illness (how will proceeds be dealt with when critical illness occurs and shareholder returns?)				
☐ Ownership and designation of policy consistent with agreement				
☐ Payment of premiums ☐ By shareholder ☐ By company				
☐ Procedure upon failure to pay premiums				
☐ Policy not to be encumbered				
☐ Direction for policy dividends, if a participating policy				
☐ Ability to purchase additional insurance where fair market value of shares rises				
☐ Shareholders to take all necessary steps to place insurance				
☐ Flow of insurance proceeds to purchase shares				
☐ Disposition of remaining policies upon death				
□Disposition of policies on termination of agreement				
☐ Deficiency of proceeds where insurance does not cover purchase price				
☐ Surplus of insurance proceeds				
☐ Right of surviving shareholder to policy				
☐ Disability provision where agreement definition is consistent between policy and agreement				
☐Structure of buy-out where no insurance in place				
☐ Other provisions				

General Provisions:					
☐ Share structure is set out in preamble					
☐ Grandfathering status is set out in preamble					
☐ Reference to life insurance funding for grandfathered shares					
☐ Reference to trustee arrangement and agreement, if applicable					
☐ Disposal of Shares:					
☐ Shares not to be encumbered					
☐ Purchaser agrees to be bound by terms of agreement					
☐ Restriction on transfer of shares does not apply to immediate family of shareholder					
☐ Purchase Price:					
☐ Determined by fair market value of shares					
☐ Determined by formula					
☐ Business valuator or independent third party					
☐ Book value					
☐ Fixed price					
☐ Shotgun clause					
☐ Right of first refusal					
☐ Price Adjustment clause					
General Purchase and Sale Provisions:					
☐ Requirement to obtain promissory note before dividend received, if applicable					
☐ Requirement to pay a dividend out of capital dividend account, if applicable					
☐ Details of closing, including procedure on purchase and sale transaction and closing procedures					
Provisions to Amend Agreement:					
Are there provisions to amend agreement? □ yes □ no					
Is Amendment in writing? ☐ yes ☐ no					
Other mechanism					

☐ Endorsement on Share Certificates:					
Are shares subject to grandfathering?	☐ yes		no		
Are shares subject to provisions of agreement?	☐ yes		no		
☐ Provision for Dispute Resolution:					
☐ By arbitration					
☐ By mediation					
☐ By other method					
☐ When there is a conflict, is there a provision to obtain independent legal advice?					
Notice Provisions:					
☐ Time frame set out					
☐ In writing					
☐ Where notice should be sent					
☐ Provisions Regarding Assignor, Heirs a	nd Suc	ces	ssors:		
Is agreement assignable	☐ yes		□ no		
If yes, binding on assignors?	☐ yes		□ no		
Is agreement binding on heirs, successors?	☐ yes		□ no		
Is there a provision requiring heirs and successors to comply with request of information by Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) for grandfathering purposes?					
☐ Schedules to Agreement:					
☐ Particulars regarding life insurance, disability, and critical illness policies					
☐ Particulars regarding share structure					
☐ Trustee Agreement, if applicable					
☐ Value of shares					
☐ Other applicable agreements last updated date					